

## Massachusetts - State Specific Information

Information provided is current as of February 1, 2024, and companies are encouraged to consult with legal counsel on these types of complex matters.

## Cannabis Legalization History

| Medical Use | Legalized - 2012 (Chapter 369) |
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| Recreational Use | Legalized - 2016 (Chapter 55) |
| Possession/Personal Use Specifics | Age 21 and over. Government-issued identification is required for purchase at licensed retailers. Possession limits: individuals can carry a maximum of 1 ounce outside their residence and store up to 10 ounces within their home. Home cultivation: individuals can grow up to 6 plants or 12 plants for residences with multiple adults over 21. |
|  | Massachusetts keeps public spaces cannabis-free - no smoking, vaping, or edibles! Remember, it's like alcohol: keep it concealed and secure during travel. An open container in your car's passenger area can land you a $\$ 500$ penalty. And remember, state lines are cannabis borders as well. |

## State Regulatory Agency Information

| State Regulatory Agency | Massachusetts Cannabis Control Commission |
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| State Forms (If Applicable) | Urinalysis Chain of Custody Form |

## State Testing Policy

| General <br> Information | In Massachusetts, employer drug testing policies have <br> significant flexibility as the state lacks specific <br> regulations. This means private companies can conduct <br> pre-employment, random, reasonable suspicion, and <br> post-accident testing with a written and consistently <br> applied policy. |
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| Safety Sensitive Positions | Any position with regular duties that, if performed while <br> under the influence of drugs or alcohol could cause a <br> significant risk to public health or public safety or cause <br> serious bodily injury or loss of life. |
| Privacy Laws | Massachusetts legislation does not address drug testing <br> in private employment. Massachusetts employers may <br> screen employees and candidates for employment as <br> long as all Federal requirements are followed. |


| Recommended Procedures |  |
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| Does the state have <br> recommended procedures? | Although Massachusetts doesn't mandate specific <br> procedures for drug-free workplace programs, the <br> Massachusetts Cannabis Control Commission (CCC) offers <br> helpful guidelines such as policy development, employee |
|  | education, supervisor training, confidentiality, non- <br> discrimination, and marijuana considerations. |
| State Employee Procedures <br> and Policies | Massachusetts state agencies may establish Drug-Free <br> Workplace Programs, but specific procedures are not <br> mandated. However, the Governor's Executive Order |
|  | outlining the program recommends the same procedures <br> as for any employer at the state or federal level. |

## Protections for Use Outside Workplace/ Work Hours

| Is Massachusetts a "Right to | Employers may terminate an employee for off-duty and/or <br> Weff-site recreational marijuana use because Massachusetts, |
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|  | unlike a number of other states, has no statutory protection <br> for employees' lawful off-duty conduct. |
| More Detailed Information | Mass General Laws c.94G |

## State Requirements for Drug \& Alcohol Testing Program

| Testing policy requirements: | $\underline{103 \text { DOC } 240}$ |
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| Main Requirement: | Although many states have passed laws regulating or <br> restricting an employer's right to require drug testing, <br> Massachusetts has not. Massachusetts legislation does not <br> address drug testing in private employment. |

